

SCHREYER INSTITUTE FOR TEACHING EXCELLENCE

Analyzing and Debriefing Students' Open-ended Feedback

SKIM

Skim through the feedback and identify the 3 to 5 most frequently mentioned ideas. Look for both positive and negative comments. Jot down these ideas—they are the "bins" or main themes from the feedback.

IDENTIFY MEANINGFUL OUTLIERS

- In general, do not fixate on isolated comments (whether negative or positive). Focus on comments that reflect the views of multiple students.
- Student comments about feeling unwelcome or marginalized in the course because of their identity are exceptions to the general rule of multiple comments for each theme.
 - \circ $\;$ Pay close attention to this feedback, even if it is small in number.
 - Research has shown that being marginalized or unwelcome hinders student learning and success.

QUANTIFY

Read through the feedback again and count the number of comments that fall under each theme. Note: It is okay to break up complex comments into smaller items if they touch on multiple themes.

CONSIDER CHANGES

Once you have identified the main themes, sort the themes from those with the most comments to those with the fewest and decide what you are able/willing to change to improve the learning experience for students. Note: There may be things you are not able/willing to change.

DEBRIEF

- Plan how you will tell students what was learned from their feedback. This can be brief (5 minutes). We suggest:
 - 1) thanking the students for the feedback
 - 2) debriefing the feedback in a matter-of-fact, non-defensive way
 - 3) letting students know of any major changes you are making to the course in response to their feedback (and why you believe the change might improve the learning environment)
 - 4) communicating any frequent suggestions received for which changes will not be made (and why)